HIE BUSINESS PANEL SURVEY

WAVE 12: PLANNING FOR BREXIT



OPTIMISM, PROSPECTS AND PERFORMANCE

Confidence in the Scottish economy fell to its lowest level since the business panel surveys began, with 44% of businesses saying their confidence had decreased, and a net confidence* of -37. There was also a drop in optimism about future prospects (by 10 percentage points) and growth expectations (by 8 percentage points).

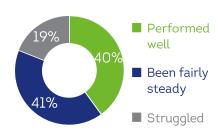
Economic confidence in last 6 months



Lower than average confidence

- Food δ drink sector
- Those who had struggled
- Those who were not optimistic about their prospects

Performance in last 12 months



More positive

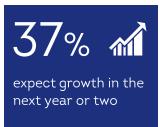
- Large businesses (25+ staff)
- Tourism sector
- · HIE account managed

Less positive

• Food δ drink sector



prospects



PLANNING FOR BREXIT

Actions to plan for Brexit



48% had already taken at least one of these actions, while a further 17% planned to.

30% did not plan to take any of these actions.

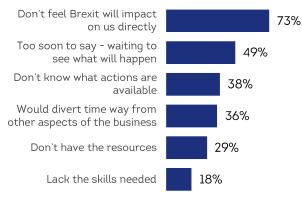
Most likely to take action

- Large businesses (25+ staff)
- Food & drink sector
- HIE account managed
- Employers of EU staff

Least likely to take action

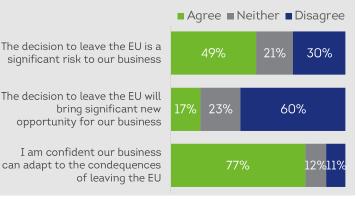
- Small businesses (0-4 staff)
- Non-HIE account managed

REASONS FOR NOT TAKING ANY ACTIONS



OVERALL IMPACT OF BREXIT

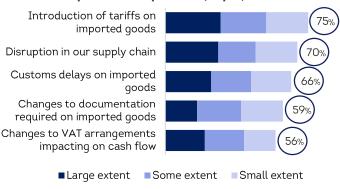
Brexit was seen as more of a risk than an opportunity, but businesses were confident they could adapt.



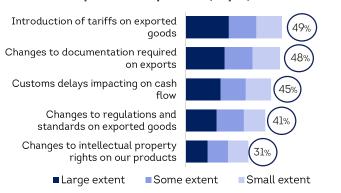


IMPACT ON IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

Extent of impacts on importers (Top 5)



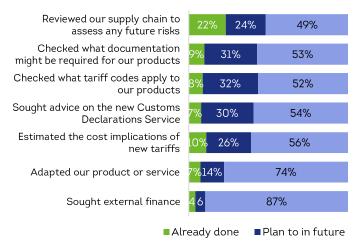
Extent of impacts on exporters (Top 5)



PLANNING FOR CHANGES TO CUSTOMS ARRANGEMENTS

35% of importers/exporters had taken at least one of these actions to plan for potential changes to customs arrangements, while a further 30% planned to in future.

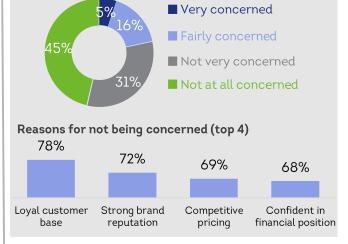
Actions to plan for changes to customs



ff A further 7% had trained existing staff to plan for new import and export procedures, and 23% planned to in future

INCREASED COMPETITION

22% were concerned about competition from businesses currently trading in EU markets starting to trade more in domestic markets



IMPACT OF CHANGES TO FREE **MOVEMENT AND IMMIGRATION**

Extent of impacts on employers



■Large extent ■Some extent ■Small extent

Do not plan to

PLANNING FOR EMPLOYMENT CHANGES

45% of employers had taken at least one of these actions to plan for potential changes to free movement and immigration. 34% did not plan to take any actions.

Actions to plan for changes to employment

Upskilled existing staff to reduce the need to recruit	23% 15%	60%
Reviewed staff remuneration	19% 13%	65%
Communicated with staff about potential changes	18% 13%	67%
Used freelancers and contractors to address skills gaps	15% <mark>12%</mark>	70%
Consulted with staff about support they might need to prepare	11%13%	73%
Checked what staff may need to apply for the EU Settlement	.0%9%	76%
Sought advice on the impact on our workforce	8 <mark>%</mark> 10%	79%
Broadened our recruitment pool	<mark>%</mark> 0%	82%
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■ Plan to in future

NOTES: Survey fieldwork was conducted between 4th February and 4th March 2019, using telephone interviewing. In total 1,001 businesses and social enterprises participated. For more detail visit www.hie.co.uk/business-panel. Findings are weighted to ensure a representative sample of the regional business base.

Already done